We claim:-

 An ester mixture comprising at least two esters selected from those of the formulae 1a, 1b or 1c, wherein esters F of the formula I a have the following structure:

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ O \\ R3 \end{array} \\ O \\ O \\ O \\ (AO_3)p_3 \end{array} \\ O \\ O \\ (AO_2)p_2 \\ O \\ O \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} O \\ R1 \\ R2 \\ O \\ O \end{array}$$

where AO as AO<sub>1</sub>, AO<sub>2</sub> and AO<sub>3</sub> is independently at each instance EO, PO or BO-

where EO is O-CH2-CH2-

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PO is independently at each instance O-CH2-CH(CH3)- or O-CH(CH3)-CH2-

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BO is independently at each instance O-CH2-CH(CH2-CH3)- or O-CH(CH2-CH3)-CH2-

p1 + p2 + p3 is 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74 or 75,

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R1, R2, R3 are independently H or CH3,

and esters F of the formula I b have the following structure:

$$(PO)m_3 \qquad (EO)n_3 \qquad O \qquad (EO)n_1 \qquad (PO)m_1 \qquad R2 \qquad R1$$

$$(EO)n_2 \qquad (PO)m_2 \qquad (PO)m_2 \qquad (PO)m_3 \qquad (PO)m_2 \qquad (PO)m_3 \qquad$$

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where EO is O-CH2-CH2-

PO is independently at each instance O-CH2-CH(CH3)- or O-CH(CH3)-CH2-

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n1 + n2 + n3 is 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59 or 60,

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m1 + m2 + m3 is 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 or 13,

R1, R2, R3 are independently H or CH3

and esters F of the formula I c have the following structure:

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where EO is O-CH2-CH2-

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PO is independently at each instance O-CH2-CH(CH3)- or O-CH(CH3)-CH2-

n1 + n2 + n3 is 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59 or 60,

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m1 + m2 + m3 is 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 or 13,

R1, R2, R3 are independently H or CH3.

2. An ester F in ester mixtures according to claim 1 wherein AO is at all instances EO, PO or BO, preferably EO.

- 3. The ester mixtures according to claim 1 or 2 wherein only esters of the formula 1a and 1b or 1a and 1c or 1b and 1c and preferably 1b and 1c are present.
- The ester mixtures according to any of claims 1 to 3 wherein esters of the formula 1b or 1c are present in the ester mixture at not less than 10% by weight, preferably not less than 20% by weight, especially not less than 30% by weight.
- 10 5. An ester F in ester mixtures according to any of claims 1 to 4 wherein p1 + p2 + p3 is 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49 or 50.
- 6. An ester F in ester mixtures according to any of claims 1 to 5 wherein n1, n2, n3 are independently 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20.
  - 7. An ester F in ester mixtures according to any of claims 1 to 6 wherein m1, m2, m3 are independently 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5.
- 20 8. An ester F in ester mixtures according to any of claims 1 to 7 wherein m1 + m2 + m3 is 5 or 10.
  - 9. An ester F in ester mixtures according to any of claims 1 to 8 wherein n1 + n2 + n3 is 30 or 50.
  - 10. An ester F in ester mixtures according to any of claims 1 to 9 wherein R1, R2 and R3 are identical and preferably H.
- A process for preparing an ester mixture of esters F according to any of claims 1
   to 10 from mixtures of alkoxylated trimethylolpropanes of the formula II a, II b or II c

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where AO, EO, PO, p1, p2, p3, n1, n2, n3, m1, m2 and m3 are each as defined in any of claims 1 to 10, with (meth)acrylic acid, comprising the steps of

- a) reacting a mixture of alkoxylated trimethylolpropanes with (meth)acrylic acid in the presence of at least one esterification catalyst C and of at least one polymerization inhibitor D and optionally also of a water-azeotroping solvent E to form an ester F,
- b) optionally removing from the reaction mixture some or all of the water formed in a), during and/or after a),
- f) optionally neutralizing the reaction mixture,
- h) when a solvent E was used, optionally removing this solvent by distillation, and/or
  - i) stripping with a gas which is inert under the reaction conditions.
  - 12. A process according to claim 11 wherein
    - the molar excess of (meth)acrylic acid to the mixture of alkoxylated trimethylolpropanes is at least 3.15:1 and
    - the optionally neutralized (meth)acrylic acid present in the reaction mixture after the last step substantially remains in the reaction mixture.
  - 13. A process according to either of claims 11 and 12 wherein the (meth)acrylic acid is not more than 75% by weight removed from the reaction mixture obtained after the last step, which reaction mixture contains the ester mixture of esters F.
- 30 14. A process according to any of claims 11 to 13 wherein the reaction mixture

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obtained after the last step, which comprises the ester mixture of esters F, has a DIN EN 3682 acid number of at least 25 mg of KOH/g.

- 15. A process according to any of claims 11 to 14 wherein the reaction mixture obtained after the last step, which comprises the ester mixture of esters F, has a (meth)acrylic acid content of at least 0.5% by weight.
- 16. A process according to any of claims 13 to 17 wherein the molar ratio of (meth)acrylic acid to the mixture of alkoxylated trimethylolpropanes in reaction a) is at least 15:1.
  - 17. A process for preparing a crosslinked hydrogel, comprising the steps of
  - k) polymerizing an ester mixture of esters F according to any of claims 1 to 10, with (meth)acrylic acid, with optionally additional monoethylenically unsaturated compounds N and optionally also at least one further copolymerizable hydrophilic monomer M in the presence of at least one free-radical initiator K and optionally of at least one grafting base L,
    - l) optionally postcrosslinking the reaction mixture obtained from k),
    - m) drying the reaction mixture obtained from k) or l), and
      - n) optionally grinding and/or sieving the reaction mixture obtained from k), I) or m).
- 18. A process for preparing a crosslinked hydrogel, comprising steps a) to i) according to any of claims 11 to 16 and additionally
  - k) polymerizing the reaction mixture from one of stages a) to i) if performed, with optionally additional monoethylenically unsaturated compounds N and optionally also at least one further copolymerizable hydrophilic monomer M in the presence of at least one free-radical initiator K and optionally of at least one grafting base L,
  - I) optionally postcrosslinking the reaction mixture obtained from k),
  - m) drying the reaction mixture obtained from k) or I), and
  - n) optionally grinding and/or sieving the reaction mixture obtained from k), l) or m).
  - 19. Polymer obtainable according to a process according to either of claims 17 and 18.
- 40 20. Crosslinked hydrogel comprising at least one hydrophilic monomer M in

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copolymerized form crosslinked with an ester mixture of esters F according to any of claims 1 to 10.

- Crosslinked hydrogel comprising at least one hydrophilic monomer M in
   copolymerized form crosslinked with a reaction mixture which comprises the ester mixture of esters F and is obtainable according to a process of claims 11 to 16.
- Use of a polymer according to either of claims 20 and 21 in hygiene articles,packaging materials and in nonwovens.
  - 23. A composition of matter comprising
- from 0.1% to 40% by weight of an ester mixture of esters F according to any of claims 1 to 10 and (meth)acrylic-acid,
  - 0.5 99.9% by weight of at least one hydrophilic monomer M,
  - 0 10% by weight of at least one esterification catalyst C,
  - 0 5% by weight of at least one polymerization inhibitor D, and
  - 0 10% by weight of a solvent E,
     with the proviso that the sum total is always 100% by weight.
  - 24. The composition of matter according to claim 23 wherein every ester F is present in the ester mixture at not more than 2% by weight based on the hydrophilic monomer M.
  - 25. A composition of matter according to either of claims 23 and 24, further comprising
    - a diluent G ad 100% by weight.
  - 26. Crosslinked hydrogel obtainable from a composition of matter according to any of claims 23 to 25 and additionally
    - optionally postcrosslinking the reaction mixture obtained,
    - m) drying the reaction mixture obtained directly or from I), and
    - n) optionally grinding and/or sieving the reaction mixture obtained directly or from I) or m).
- Use of a reaction mixture obtainable according to any of claims 11 to 15 or of a composition of matter according to any of claims 23 to 25

- as a free-radical crosslinker of water-absorbing hydrogels,
- as a starting material for preparing polymer dispersions,
- as a starting material for preparing polyacrylates,
- as a paint raw material, or
  - as a cement additive.
- 28. Use of an ester mixture of esters F according to any of claims 1 to 10 for preparing hydrogel-forming polymers capable of absorbing aqueous fluids.